

13.6 EXERCISES

HOMEWORK KEY

 = **WORKED-OUT SOLUTIONS**
on p. WS1 for Exs. 7 and 19

 = **TAKS PRACTICE AND REASONING**
Exs. 9, 19, 22, and 24

SKILL PRACTICE

- VOCABULARY** Copy and complete: The value that occurs most frequently in a data set is called the ? of the data.
- WRITING** How are measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion used to compare data?

EXAMPLE 1
on p. 875
for Exs. 3–10

MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY Find the mean, median, and mode(s) of the data.

- 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 5, 5, 6
- 13, 16, 19, 20, 22, 25, 30, 31
- 5.52, 5.44, 3.60, 5.76, 3.80, 7.22
- 9, 10, 12, 15, 16
- 14, 15, 15, 14, 14, 16, 18, 15
- 300, 320, 341, 348, 360, 333

- TAKS REASONING** What is the median of the data set?

0.7, 0.3, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 0.4, 1.0, 1.6, 1.2

- A 0.7 B 0.8 C 0.9 D 1.0

- ERROR ANALYSIS** Describe and correct the error in finding the median of the data set.

7 4 6 2 4 6 8 8 3

The median is 4.



EXAMPLE 2
on p. 876
for Exs. 11–16

MEASURES OF DISPERSION Find the range and mean absolute deviation of the data. Round to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.

- 30, 35, 20, 85, 60
- 111, 135, 115, 120, 145, 130
- 30, 45, 52, 48, 100, 45, 42, 45
- 505, 510, 480, 550, 495, 500
- 1.25, 1.50, 1.70, 0.85, 1.00, 1.25
- 38.2, 80.1, 2.6, 84.2, 2.5, 5.5

- WRITING** Explain why the mean absolute deviation of a data set is generally a better measure of dispersion than the range.

- CHALLENGE** Write a data set that has a mean of 10, a median of 10, and modes of 5 and 8.

PROBLEM SOLVING

EXAMPLE 1
on p. 875
for Exs. 19–20

- TAKS REASONING** The weights (in pounds) of ten pumpkins are 22, 21, 24, 24, 5, 24, 5, 23, 24, and 24.

- What is the range of the pumpkin weights?
- Find the mean, median, and mode(s) of the pumpkin weights.
- Which measure of central tendency best represents the data? Explain.

TEXAS @HomeTutor for problem solving help at classzone.com