

**GUIDED PRACTICE** for Example 3

4. **WHAT IF?** In Example 3, find the year when 4750 films were produced.

CONCEPT SUMMARY*For Your Notebook***Methods for Solving Quadratic Equations**

Method	Lesson(s)	When to Use
Factoring	9.4–9.8	Use when a quadratic equation can be factored easily.
Graphing	10.3	Use when approximate solutions are adequate.
Finding square roots	10.4	Use when solving an equation that can be written in the form $x^2 = d$.
Completing the square	10.5	Can be used for <i>any</i> quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ but is simplest to apply when $a = 1$ and b is an even number.
Quadratic formula	10.6	Can be used for <i>any</i> quadratic equation.

EXAMPLE 4 Choose a solution method

Tell what method you would use to solve the quadratic equation. *Explain* your choice(s).

- a. $10x^2 - 7 = 0$ b. $x^2 + 4x = 0$ c. $5x^2 + 9x - 4 = 0$

Solution

- a. The quadratic equation can be solved using square roots because the equation can be written in the form $x^2 = d$.
- b. The equation can be solved by factoring because the expression $x^2 + 4x$ can be factored easily. Also, the equation can be solved by completing the square because the equation is of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a = 1$ and b is an even number.
- c. The quadratic equation cannot be factored easily, and completing the square will result in many fractions. So, the equation can be solved using the quadratic formula.

**GUIDED PRACTICE** for Example 4

Tell what method you would use to solve the quadratic equation. *Explain* your choice(s).

5. $x^2 + x - 6 = 0$ 6. $x^2 - 9 = 0$ 7. $x^2 + 6x = 5$