

## 9.1 Graph Polynomial Functions

TEKS **a.5, A.4.A,**  
**A.4.B**

**QUESTION** How can you use a graph to check your work with polynomials?

**EXAMPLE** Check a sum or difference of polynomials

Tell whether the sum or difference is correct.

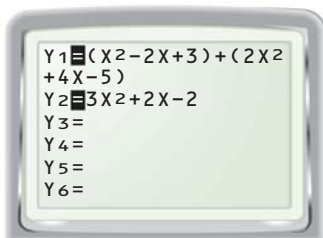
a.  $(x^2 - 2x + 3) + (2x^2 + 4x - 5) \stackrel{?}{=} 3x^2 + 2x - 2$

b.  $(x^3 + x + 1) - (5x^3 - 2x + 7) \stackrel{?}{=} -4x^3 - x - 6$

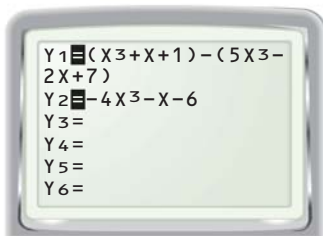
**STEP 1** Enter expressions

Let  $y_1$  equal the original expression.  
Let  $y_2$  equal the sum.

a.



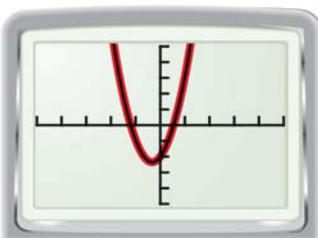
b.



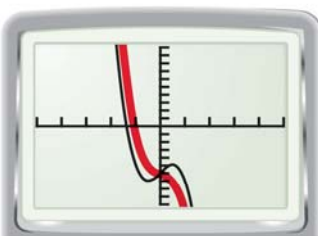
**STEP 2** Graph expressions

For  $y_1$ , choose a normal graph style.  
For  $y_2$ , choose a thicker graph style.

a.



b.



**STEP 3** Analyze graphs

- a. The thick curve coincides with the thin curve, so the sum is correct.  
b. The thick curve deviates from the thin curve, so the difference is incorrect.

**PRACTICE**

Find the sum or difference. Use a graphing calculator to check your answer.

1.  $(6x^2 + 4x - 1) + (x^2 - 2x + 2)$     2.  $(3x^2 - 2x + 1) - (4x^2 - 5x + 1)$

Tell whether the sum or difference is correct. Correct any incorrect answers.

3.  $(3x^2 - 2x + 4) + (-x^2 + 3x + 2) \stackrel{?}{=} 2x^2 + x + 6$

4.  $(-4x^2 - 5x - 1) - (-5x^2 + 6x + 3) \stackrel{?}{=} -9x^2 + x + 2$