

**GUIDED PRACTICE** for Examples 2 and 3

Solve the inequality. Graph your solution.

4.  $\frac{x}{-4} > 12$

5.  $\frac{m}{-7} < 1.6$

6.  $5v \geq 45$

7.  $-6n < 24$

**EXAMPLE 4** TAKS PRACTICE: Multiple Choice

A student pilot plans to spend 80 hours on flight training to earn a private license. The student has saved \$6000 for training. Which inequality can you use to find the possible hourly rates  $r$  that the student can afford to pay for training?

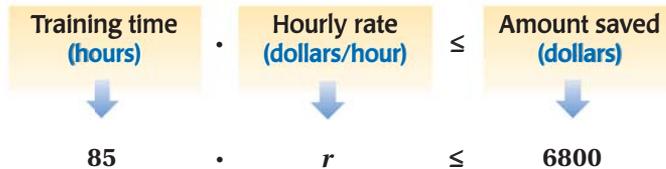
- (A)  $80r \geq 6000$     (B)  $80r \leq 6000$     (C)  $6000r \geq 80$     (D)  $6000r \leq 80$

**Solution**

The total cost of training can be at most the amount of money that the student has saved. Write a verbal model for the situation. Then write an inequality.

**ELIMINATE CHOICES**

You need to multiply the hourly rate and the number of hours, which is 80, not 6000. So, you can eliminate choices C and D.



▶ The correct answer is B. (A) (B) (C) (D)

**EXAMPLE 5** Solve a real-world problem

**PILOTING** In Example 4, what are the possible hourly rates that the student can afford to pay for training?

**Solution**

$$85 \cdot r \leq 6800 \quad \text{Write inequality.}$$

$$\frac{85r}{85} \leq \frac{6800}{85} \quad \text{Divide each side by 80.}$$

$$r \leq 80 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

▶ The student can afford to pay at most \$80 per hour for training.

**GUIDED PRACTICE** for Examples 4 and 5

8. **WHAT IF?** In Example 5, suppose the student plans to spend 90 hours on flight training and has saved \$6300. Write and solve an inequality to find the possible hourly rates that the student can afford to pay for training.