SKILL PRACTICE

- 1. **VOCABULARY** Copy and complete: Two lines in a plane are ? if they intersect to form a right angle.
- Explain how you can tell whether two lines are 2. WRITING perpendicular, given the equations of the lines.

PARALLEL LINES Write an equation of the line that passes through the given **EXAMPLE 1** point and is parallel to the given line. on p. 319

3.
$$(-1, 3), y = 2x + 2$$

4. (6, 8),
$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 10$$

4. (6, 8),
$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 10$$
 5. (5, -1), $y = -\frac{3}{5}x - 3$

6.
$$(-1, 2), y = 5x + 4$$

6.
$$(-1, 2), y = 5x + 4$$
 7. $(1, 7), -6x + y = -1$

8.
$$(18, 2), 3y = x - 12$$

9.
$$(-2, 5), 2y = 4x -$$

10.
$$(9, 4), y - x = 3$$

9.
$$(-2, 5), 2y = 4x - 6$$
 10. $(9, 4), y - x = 3$ **11.** $(-10, 0), -y + 3x = 16$

EXAMPLE 2

for Exs. 3-11

on p. 320 for Exs. 12–16

PARALLEL OR PERPENDICULAR Determine which lines, if any, are parallel or perpendicular.

12. Line
$$a: y = 4x - 2$$
, Line $b: y = -\frac{1}{4}x$, Line $c: y = -4x + 1$

13. Line
$$a: y = \frac{3}{5}x + 1$$
, Line $b: 5y = 3x - 2$, Line $c: 10x - 6y = -4$

14. Line
$$a: y = 3x + 6$$
, Line $b: 3x + y = 6$, Line $c: 3y = 2x + 18$

15. Line
$$a: 4x - 3y = 2$$
, Line $b: 3x + 4y = -1$, Line $c: 4y - 3x = 20$

16. TAKS REASONING Which statement is true of the given lines?

Line *a*:
$$-2x + y = 4$$

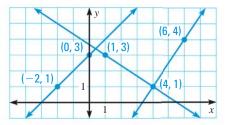
Line *b*:
$$2x + 5y = 2$$

Line *c*:
$$x + 2y = 4$$

- A Lines a and b are parallel.
- **B** Lines a and c are parallel.
- **C** Lines a and b are perpendicular.
- (**D**) Lines a and c are perpendicular.

17. TAKS REASONING Determine which of the lines shown, if any, are parallel or perpendicular. *Justify* your answer using slopes.





EXAMPLE 4

on p. 321 for Exs. 18-27

PERPENDICULAR LINES Write an equation of the line that passes through the given point and is perpendicular to the given line.

18.
$$(3, -3), y = x + 5$$

19.
$$(-9, 2), y = 3x - 12$$
 20. $(5, 1), y = 5x - 2$

20.
$$(5, 1), y = 5x - 2$$

21. (7. 10),
$$v = 0.5x -$$

21. (7, 10),
$$y = 0.5x - 9$$
 22. (-2, -4), $y = -\frac{2}{7}x + 1$ **23.** (-4, -1), $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 6$

23.
$$(-4, -1), y = \frac{4}{3}x + 6$$

24.
$$(3, 3), 2y = 3x - 6$$

25.
$$(-5, 2), y + 3 = 2x$$

24.
$$(3, 3), 2y = 3x - 6$$
 25. $(-5, 2), y + 3 = 2x$ **26.** $(8, -1), 4y + 2x = 12$