

EXAMPLE 5 Simplify a rational model

CELL PHONE COSTS The average cost C (in dollars per minute) for cell phone service in the United States during the period 1991–2000 can be modeled by

$$C = \frac{46 - 2.2x}{100 - 18x + 2.2x^2}$$

where x is the number of years since 1991. Rewrite the model so that it has only whole number coefficients. Then simplify the model.



1991 cell phone

Solution

$$\begin{aligned} C &= \frac{46 - 2.2x}{100 - 18x + 2.2x^2} \\ &= \frac{460 - 22x}{1000 - 180x + 22x^2} \\ &= \frac{2(230 - 11x)}{2(500 - 90x + 11x^2)} \\ &= \frac{\cancel{2}(230 - 11x)}{\cancel{2}(500 - 90x + 11x^2)} \\ &= \frac{230 - 11x}{500 - 90x + 11x^2} \end{aligned}$$

Write model.

Multiply numerator and denominator by 10.

Factor numerator and denominator.

Divide out common factor.

Simplify.



GUIDED PRACTICE for Example 5

12. In Example 5, approximate the average cost per minute in 2000.

12.4 EXERCISES

HOMEWORK KEY

 = **WORKED-OUT SOLUTIONS**
on p. WS1 for Exs. 9, 23, and 43

 = **TAKS PRACTICE AND REASONING**
Exs. 34, 35, 45, 47, and 48

SKILL PRACTICE

1. **VOCABULARY** Copy and complete: A value that makes a rational expression undefined is called a(n) ?.

2. **WRITING** Is $\frac{(x+3)(x-6)}{(x-3)(6-x)}$ in simplest form? *Explain.*

FINDING EXCLUDED VALUES Find the excluded values, if any, of the expression.

3. $\frac{4x}{20}$

4. $\frac{13}{2y}$

5. $\frac{5}{r+1}$

6. $\frac{-s}{3s+4}$

7. $\frac{-m}{4m^2 - 3m + 9}$

8. $\frac{n+2}{n^2 - 64}$

9. $\frac{-3}{2p^2 - p}$

10. $\frac{5q}{q^2 - 6q + 9}$

EXAMPLE 1

on p. 794
for Exs. 3–10