### 12.4 Simplify Rational Expressions

Before You simplified polynomials.
Now
Why You will simplify rational expressions. So you can model a cost over time, as in Example 5.


Key Vocabulary

- rational expression
- excluded value
- simplest form of a rational expression

A rational expression is an expression that can be written as a ratio of two polynomials where the denominator is not 0 . A rational expression is undefined when the denominator is 0 . A number that makes a rational expression undefined is called an excluded value. For example, $\frac{2}{x-3}$ is undefined when $x=3$. So, 3 is an excluded value.

## EXAMPLE 1 Find excluded values

Find the excluded values, if any, of the expression.
a. $\frac{x+8}{10 x}$
b. $\frac{5}{2 y+14}$
c. $\frac{4 v}{v^{2}-9}$
d. $\frac{7 w+2}{8 w^{2}+w+5}$

## Solution

a. The expression $\frac{x+8}{10 x}$ is undefined when $10 x=0$, or $x=0$. - The excluded value is 0 .
b. The expression $\frac{5}{2 y+14}$ is undefined when $2 y+14=0$, or $x=-7$. - The excluded value is -7 .
c. The expression $\frac{4 v}{v^{2}-9}$ is undefined when $v^{2}-9=0$, or $(v+3)(v-3)=0$. The solutions of the equation are -3 and 3 .

- The excluded values are -3 and 3 .
d. The expression $\frac{7 w+2}{8 w^{2}+w+5}$ is undefined when $8 w^{2}+w+5=0$. The discriminant is $b^{2}-4 a c=1^{2}-4(8)(5)<0$. So, the quadratic equation has no real roots.
- There are no excluded values.


## REVIEW

DISCRIMINANT
For help with finding the discriminant of a quadratic equation, see p. 678.
$\sqrt{\text { Guided Practice }}$ for Example 1

Find the excluded values, if any, of the expression.

1. $\frac{x+2}{3 x-5}$
2. $\frac{2}{5 y^{2}+2 y+3}$
3. $\frac{n-6}{2 n^{2}-5 n-12}$
4. $\frac{2 m}{m^{2}-4}$
