- **45. CHALLENGE** To decide whether a person qualifies for a loan to buy a house, a lender uses the ratio r of the person's expected monthly housing expenses to monthly income. Suppose the person has a monthly income of \$4150 and expects to pay \$1200 per month in housing expenses. The person also expects to receive a raise of x dollars this month.
  - **a.** Write and graph an equation that gives r as a function of x.
  - **b.** The person will qualify for a loan if the ratio is 0.28. What must the amount of the raise be in order for the person to qualify for a loan?



## **MIXED REVIEW FOR TAKS**

TAKS PRACTICE at classzone.com

## REVIEW Lesson 10.7; TAKS Workbook

- **46. TAKS PRACTICE** Which of the following can NOT be modeled using a linear equation? *TAKS Obj. 3* 
  - (A) Julia deposits \$5000 in a savings account that earns 5% interest compounded annually. Predict the amount of money in the account in *x* years.
  - **(B)** A store sells 5 oranges for \$2. How many oranges can you buy for *x* dollars?
  - **©** You have \$12 more than your friend, who has *x* dollars. How much do you have?
  - **(D)** Leonard's current salary is \$40,000, and every year he gets a raise of \$1000. Predict his salary in *x* years.

## REVIEW

Skills Review Handbook p. 927; TAKS Workbook

- 47. TAKS PRACTICE Find the surface area of the cylinder shown. TAKS Obj. 8
  - **(F)**  $205\pi \text{ cm}^2$
  - **G**  $230\pi \text{ cm}^2$
  - **(H)**  $450\pi \text{ cm}^2$
  - $\bigcirc$  900 $\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup>



## **QUIZ** for Lessons 12.1–12.2

Tell whether the equation represents *direct variation*, *inverse variation*, or *neither*. (p. 765)

1. 
$$\frac{1}{5}xy = 1$$

**2.** 
$$y = -9x$$

**3.** 
$$5x + y = 3$$

Given that y varies inversely with x, use the specified values to write an inverse variation equation that relates x and y. Then find the value of y when x = 3. (p. 765)

**4.** 
$$x = 6, y = 4$$

**5.** 
$$x = -3, y = 7$$

**6.** 
$$x = \frac{5}{2}, y = 2$$

Graph the function. Identify its domain and range. (p. 775)

**7.** 
$$y = \frac{4}{x}$$

**8.** 
$$y = \frac{-2}{x-6}$$

**9.** 
$$y = \frac{3}{x+2} - 5$$