EXAMPLE 3 TAKS PRACTICE: Multiple Choice

ELIMINATE CHOICES The *y*-coordinate of

the midpoint has to be negative because it is an average of the *y*-coordinates of the endpoints of the line segment. Eliminate choices C and D.

What is the midpoint of the line segment with endpoints (-2, -3) and (4, -7)?

Solution

Let $(x_1, y_1) = (-2, -3)$ and $(x_2, y_2) = (4, -7)$. $\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{-2 + 4}{2}, \frac{-3 + (-7)}{2}\right)$ Substitute. = (1, -5) Simplify.

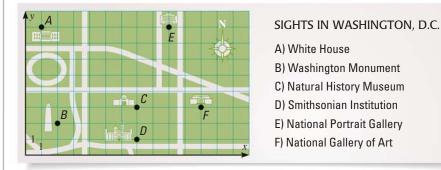
The correct answer is B. (A) (B) (C) (D)

Animated Algebra at classzone.com

EXAMPLE 4) Solve a real-world problem

ANOTHER WAY

For alternative methods for solving Example 4, turn to page 751 for the **Problem Solving Workshop**. **SIGHTSEEING** You and a friend are sightseeing in Washington, D.C. You are at the National Gallery of Art, and your friend is at the Washington Monument, as shown on the map. You want to meet at the landmark that is closest to the midpoint of your locations. At which landmark should you meet?



Solution

Your coordinates are (11, 3), and your friend's coordinates are (2, 2). First, find the midpoint of your locations, which is

 $\left(\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1+y_2}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{11+2}{2}, \frac{3+2}{2}\right) = (6.5, 2.5).$

Next, find the distance from the midpoint to the Smithsonian Institution, located at (7, 1), and to the Natural History Museum, located at (7, 3).

Distance to Smithsonian Institution: $d = \sqrt{(6.5 - 7)^2 + (2.5 - 1)^2} \approx 1.58$ units Distance to Natural History Museum: $d = \sqrt{(6.5 - 7)^2 + (2.5 - 3)^2} \approx 0.71$ unit

> You should meet at the Natural History Museum.