CHAPTER SUMMARY

inimated Algebra classzone.com **Electronic Function Library**



Big Idea [2

22222222222222222222222222222222

ТЕКЅ А.10.А





BIG IDEAS

Graphing Quadratic Functions

You can use the properties below to graph any quadratic function.

The graph of $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ is a parabola that:

- opens up if a > 0 and opens down if a < 0.
- is narrower than the graph of $y = x^2$ if |a| > 1 and wider if |a| < 1.
- has an axis of symmetry of $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$.
- has a vertex with an x-coordinate of $-\frac{b}{2a}$
- has a *y*-intercept of *c*. So, the point (0, *c*) is on the parabola.



Solving Quadratic Equations

You can use the following methods to solve a quadratic equation. Sometimes it is easier to use one method instead of another.

Method	Lesson	When to use
Graphing	10.3	Use when approximate solutions are adequate.
Finding square roots	10.4	Use when solving an equation that can be written in the form $x^2 = d$.
Completing the square	10.5	Can be used for <i>any</i> quadratic equation $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ but is simplest to apply when $a = 1$ and b is an even number.
Quadratic formula	10.6	Can be used for any quadratic equation



Comparing Linear, Exponential, and Quadratic Models

You can use linear, exponential, and quadratic functions to model data.

Function	Example	x- and y-values
Linear	y = 5x + 1	If the increments between successive <i>x</i> -values are equal, the differences of successive <i>y</i> -values are all equal.
Exponential	$y = 3(2)^{x}$	If the increments between successive <i>x</i> -values are equal, the ratios of successive <i>y</i> -values are all equal.
Quadratic	$y = x^2 - 4x + 6$	If the increments between successive <i>x</i> -values are equal, the differences of successive first differences of <i>y</i> -values are all equal.