- Two softball players are practicing catching 54. 👆 TAKS REASONING fly balls. One player throws a ball to the other. She throws the ball upward from a height of 5.5 feet with an initial vertical velocity of 40 feet per second for her teammate to catch.
  - **a.** Write an equation that models the height h (in feet) of the ball as a function of time t (in seconds) after it is thrown.
  - **b.** If her teammate misses the ball and it lands on the ground, how long was the ball in the air?
  - c. If her teammate catches the ball at a height of 5.5 feet, how long was the ball in the air? Explain your reasoning.
- 55. CHALLENGE A stream of water from a fire hose can be modeled by the graph of  $y = -0.003x^2 + 0.58x + 3$  where *x* and *y* are measured in feet. A firefighter is holding the hose 3 feet above the ground, 137 feet from a building. Will the stream of water pass through a window if the top of the window is 26 feet above the ground? Explain.

TAKS **PRACTICE** at classzone.com

## REVIEW

Lesson 10.1; TAKS Workbook

- 56. **TAKS PRACTICE** How would the graph of the function  $y = x^2 6$  be affected if the function were changed to  $y = x^2 - 3$ ? TAKS Obj. 5
  - (A) The graph would shift 3 units to the right.

**MIXED REVIEW FOR TAKS** 

- **(B)** The graph would shift 3 units to the left.
- **(C)** The graph would shift 3 units up.
- **D** The graph would shrink vertically.

## QUIZ for Lessons 10.1–10.3

Graph the function. Compare the graph with the graph of  $y = x^2$ . (p. 628) 1.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2$ **2.**  $y = 2x^2 - 5$ 3.  $v = -x^2 + 3$ Graph the function. Label the vertex and axis of symmetry. 4.  $y = x^2 + 5$  (p. 628) 5.  $y = -5x^2 + 1$  (p. 628) 7.  $y = 2x^2 - 12x + 5$  (p. 635) 6.  $y = x^2 + 4x - 2$  (p. 635) 9.  $y = -4x^2 - 10x + 2$  (p. 635) 8.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x - 5$  (p. 635) Solve the equation by graphing. (p. 643) **11.**  $x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0$  **12.**  $x^2 + 10x = 11$ 10.  $x^2 - 7x = 8$ **14.**  $-x^2 + x - 1 = 0$  **15.**  $x^2 - 4x + 9 = 0$ **13.**  $x^2 - 7 = -6x$ Find the zeros of the function. (p. 643) **16.**  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 10$  **17.**  $f(x) = x^2 - 8x + 12$  **18.**  $f(x) = -x^2 + 5x + 14$