G TAKS PREPARATION

TAKS Obj. 8 TEKS 8.8.A-B OF SOLIDS

A net is a two-dimensional representation of a three-dimensional solid. Using a ruler, you can measure the dimensions of a net to determine the total surface area S, the lateral surface area L, and the volume V of the solid that the net represents. In the formulas shown, solids with a base have a base area B and a base perimeter P (or base circumference C).

REWRITE FORMULAS

TEXAS

If you know formulas for the base area *B* and the base perimeter *P* (or base circumference *C*), you can rewrite the formulas at the right. For instance, substituting *lw* for *B* and 2w + 2l for *P* into the formulas for a rectangular prism gives V = lwh, S = 2lw + 2wh + 2lh, and L = 2wh + 2lh.



EXAMPLE

The net of a cube is shown. Use a ruler to determine the dimensions of the cube to the nearest $\frac{1}{8}$ inch. Find the total surface area of the cube to the nearest square inch.

Solution

In order to find the total surface area *S* of the cube, you need to know its edge length *s*. Because all edge lengths are equal for a cube, it is necessary to measure only one length. The edge length of the cube is $\frac{5}{8}$ inch.

$$S = 6s^2 = 6\left(\frac{25}{64}\right) \approx 2.3$$



> The cube has a total surface area of about 2 square inches.

USE A SPECIAL CASE

A cube is a prism for which $\ell = w = h$. For a cube with an edge length of *s*, the volume is $V = s^3$, the total surface area is $S = 6s^2$, and the lateral surface area is $L = 4s^2$.