EXAMPLE 6 TAKS PRACTICE: Multiple Choice

ELIMINATE CHOICES

When you multiply x + 2 and x + 1, the product will have a constant term of $2 \cdot 1 = 2$. So, you can eliminate choice D.

The dimensions of a rectangle are x + 2 and x + 1. Which expression represents the area of the rectangle?

(A) $x^2 + 2$ **(B)** $x^2 + 3x + 2$ **(C)** $x^2 + 2x + 2$ **(D)** $x^2 + 2x$

Solution

Area = length \cdot width	Formula for area of a rectangle
= (x+2)(x+1)	Substitute for length and width.
$= x^2 + 2x + 1x + 2$	Use FOIL pattern.
$= x^2 + 3x + 2$	Combine like terms.

- **)** The correct answer is B. (A) (B) (C) (D)
 - **CHECK** You can use a graph to check your answer. answer. Use a graphing calculator to display the graphs of Y = (x + 2)(x + 1)and $Y_2 = x^2 + 3x + 2$ in the same viewing window. Because the graphs coincide, you know that the product of x + 2 and x + 1 is $x^2 + 3x + 2$.





EXAMPLE 7 TAKS REASONING: Multi-Step Problem

SKATEBOARDING You are designing a rectangular skateboard park on a lot that is on the corner of a city block. The park will have a walkway along two sides. The dimensions of the lot and the walkway are shown in the diagram.

- Write a polynomial that represents the area of the skateboard park.
- What is the area of the park if the walkway is 3 feet wide?



Solution

STEP 1 Write a polynomial using the formula for the area of a rectangle. The length is 45 - x. The width is 33 - x.

Area = length \cdot width

Formula for area of a rectangle Substitute for length and width. Multiply binomials.

 $= 1485 - 78x + x^2$

= (45 - x)(33 - x)

Combine like terms.

STEP 2 **Substitute** 3 for *x* and evaluate.

 $Area = 1485 - 78(3) + (3)^2 = 1260$

 $= 1485 - 45x - 33x + x^2$

The area of the park is 1260 square feet.