SUBTRACTING POLYNOMIALS To subtract a polynomial, add its opposite. To find the opposite of a polynomial, multiply each of its terms by -1.

EXAMPLE 4 Subtract polynomials Find the difference. **a.** $(4n^2 + 5) - (-2n^2 + 2n - 4)$ **b.** $(4x^2 - 3x + 5) - (3x^2 - x - 8)$ Solution $(4n^2 + 5)$ $4n^2 + 5$ a. $\frac{-(-2n^2+2n-4)}{6n^2-2n+9}$ **AVOID ERRORS** Remember to multiply each term in the polynomial by -1 **b.** $(4x^2 - 3x + 5) - (3x^2 - x - 8) = 4x^2 - 3x + 5 - 3x^2 + x + 8$ when you write the subtraction as addition. $= (4x^2 - 3x^2) + (-3x + x) + (5 + 8)$ $= x^2 - 2x + 13$ EXAMPLE 5 **TAKS REASONING: Multi-Step Problem**

BASEBALL ATTENDANCE Major League Baseball teams are divided into two leagues. During the period 1995–2001, the attendance *N* and *A* (in thousands) at National and American League baseball games, respectively, can be modeled by

$$N = -488t^2 + 5430t + 24,700 \text{ and}$$

$$A = -318t^2 + 3040t + 25,600$$

where *t* is the number of years since 1995. About how many people attended Major League Baseball games in 2001?

Solution

STEP 1 Add the models for the attendance in each league to find a model for *M*, the total attendance (in thousands).

 $M = (-488t^2 + 5430t + 24,700) + (-318t^2 + 3040t + 25,600)$

 $= (-488t^2 - 318t^2) + (5430t + 3040t) + (24,700 + 25,600)$

 $= -806t^2 + 8470t + 50,300$

STEP 2 **Substitute** 6 for *t* in the model, because 2001 is 6 years after 1995.

 $M = -806(6)^2 + 8470(6) + 50,300 \approx 72,100$

About 72,100,000 people attended Major League Baseball games in 2001.

GUIDED PRACTICE for Examples 4 and 5

- **4.** Find the difference $(4x^2 7x) (5x^2 + 4x 9)$.
- **5. BASEBALL ATTENDANCE** Look back at Example 5. Find the difference in attendance at National and American League baseball games in 2001.



Because a value of Mrepresents *thousands* of people, $M \approx 72,100$ represents 72,100,000 people.