EXAMPLE 5 Solve a real-world problem

ASTRONOMY The luminosity (in watts) of a star is the total amount of energy emitted from the star per unit of time. The order of magnitude of the luminosity of the sun is 10^{26} watts. The star Canopus is one of the brightest stars in the sky. The order of magnitude of the luminosity of Canopus is 10^{30} watts. How many times more luminous is Canopus than the sun?



Canopus

Solution

 $\frac{\text{Luminosity of Canopus (watts)}}{\text{Luminosity of the sun (watts)}} = \frac{10^{30}}{10^{26}} = 10^{30-26} = 10^4$

Canopus is about 10⁴ times as luminous as the sun.



GUIDED PRACTICE for Example 5

10. WHAT IF? Sirius is considered the brightest star in the sky. Sirius is less luminous than Canopus, but Sirius appears to be brighter because it is much closer to Earth. The order of magnitude of the luminosity of Sirius is 10²⁸ watts. How many times more luminous is Canopus than Sirius?

8.2 EXERCISES

HOMEWORK

 = WORKED-OUT SOLUTIONS on p. WS1 for Exs. 33 and 51
= TAKS PRACTICE AND REASONING Exs. 19, 37, 46, 54, and 55
= MULTIPLE REPRESENTATIONS Ex. 49

Skill Practice

- **1. VOCABULARY** Copy and complete: In the power 4³, 4 is the <u>?</u> and 3 is the <u>?</u>.
- **2. WRITING** *Explain* when and how to use the quotient of powers property.

EXAMPLES 1 and 2 on pp. 495–496 for Exs. 3–20

SIMPLIFYING EXPRESSIONS Simplify the expression. Write your answer using exponents.

