##  <br> Use before Lesson 8.1

### 8.1 Products and Powers

TEKS A.3.B, A.11.A

MATERIALS • paper and pencil
QUESTION How can you find a product of powers and a power of a power?

## EXPLORE 1 Find products of powers

STEP 7 Copy and complete Copy and complete the table.

| Expression | Expression as repeated multiplication | Number of factors | Simplified expression |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7^{4} \cdot 7^{5}$ | $(7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7) \cdot(7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7)$ | 9 | $7^{9}$ |
| $(-4)^{2} \cdot(-4)^{3}$ | $[(-4) \cdot(-4)] \cdot[(-4) \cdot(-4) \cdot(-4)]$ | $?$ | $?$ |
| $x^{1} \cdot x^{5}$ | $?$ | $?$ | $?$ |

STEP 2 Analyze results Find a pattern that relates the exponents of the factors in the first column and the exponent of the expression in the last column.

## EXPLORE 2 Find powers of powers

STEP 1 Copy and complete Copy and complete the table.

| Expression | Expanded expression | Expression as repeated <br> multiplication | Number of <br> factors | Simplified <br> expression |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\left(5^{3}\right)^{2}$ | $\left(5^{3}\right) \cdot\left(5^{3}\right)$ | $(5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5) \cdot(5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5)$ | 6 | $5^{6}$ |
| $\left[(-6)^{2}\right]^{4}$ | $\left[(-6)^{2}\right] \cdot\left[(-6)^{2}\right] \cdot\left[(-6)^{2}\right] \cdot\left[(-6)^{2}\right]$ | $?$ | $?$ | $?$ |
| $\left(a^{3}\right)^{3}$ | $?$ | $?$ | $?$ | $?$ |

STEP 2 Analyze results Find a pattern that relates the exponents of the expression in the first column and the exponent of the expression in the last column.

## DrAW CONCLUSIONS Use your observations to complete these exercises

Simplify the expression. Write your answer using exponents.

1. $5^{2} \cdot 5^{3}$
2. $(-6)^{1} \cdot(-6)^{4}$
3. $m^{6} \cdot m^{4}$
4. $\left(10^{3}\right)^{3}$
5. $\left[(-2)^{3}\right]^{4}$
6. $\left(c^{2}\right)^{6}$

## In Exercises 7 and 8, copy and complete the statement.

7. If $a$ is a real number and $m$ and $n$ are positive integers, then $a^{m} \cdot a^{n}=$ $\qquad$ ?.
8. If $a$ is a real number and $m$ and $n$ are positive integers, then $\left(a^{m}\right)^{n}=$ $\qquad$ .
