EXAMPLE 2 Write an equation given two points

Write an equation of the line that passes through (-2, 5) and (2, -1).

Solution

STEP 1 Calculate the slope.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 5}{2 - (-2)} = \frac{-6}{4} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

ANOTHER WAY

You can also find the *y*-intercept using the coordinates of the other given point, (2, -1): y = mx + b $-1 = -\frac{3}{2}(2) + b$ 2 = b •> STEP 2 Find the *y*-intercept. Use the slope and the point (-2, 5). y = mx + b Write slope-intercept form.

> $5 = -\frac{3}{2}(-2) + b$ Substitute $-\frac{3}{2}$ for m, -2 for x, and 5 for y. 2 = b Solve for b.

STEP 3 Write an equation of the line.

y = mx + bWrite slope-intercept form. $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 2$ Substitute $-\frac{3}{2}$ for m and 2 for b.

EXAMPLE 3 TAKS PRACTICE: Multiple Choice

Which function has the values f(2) = 4 and f(-2) = -8?

(A)
$$f(x) = 3x - 10$$

(B) $f(x) = 3x - 2$
(C) $f(x) = 3x + 2$
(D) $f(x) = 3x + 20$

ELIMINATE CHOICES

You can also evaluate each function when x = 2and x = -2. Eliminate any choices for which $f(2) \neq 4$ or $f(-2) \neq -8$. **STEP 1** Calculate the slope. Write f(2) = 4 as (2, 4) and f(-2) = -8 as (-2, -8).

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-8 - 4}{-2 - 2} = \frac{-12}{-4} = 3$$

STEP 2 Find the *y*-intercept. Use the slope and the point (2, 4).

y = mx + bWrite slope-intercept form.4 = 3(2) + bSubstitute 3 for m, 2 for x, and 4 for y.-2 = bSolve for b.STEP 3Write an equation for the function. Use function notation.

f(x) = 3x - 2 Substitute 3 for *m* and -2 for *b*.

The answer is B. A **B C D**

GUIDED PRACTICE for Examples 2 and 3

- **2.** Write an equation of the line that passes through (1, -2) and (-5, 4).
- **3.** Write an equation for the linear function with the values f(-2) = 10 and f(4) = -2.