REAL NUMBERS The set of real numbers is the set of all rational and irrational numbers, as illustrated in the Venn diagram below. Every point on the real number line represents a real number.

REAL NUMBERS


## EXAMPLE 3 Classify numbers

Tell whether each of the following numbers is a real number, a rational number, an irrational number, an integer, or a whole number: $\sqrt{24}, \sqrt{ } 100$, $-\sqrt{81}$.

| Number | Real <br> number? | Rational <br> number? | Irrational <br> number? | Integer? | Whole <br> number? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\sqrt{\mathbf{2 4}}$ | Yes | No | Yes | No | No |
| $\sqrt{100}$ | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| $-\sqrt{\mathbf{8 1}}$ | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No |

## EXAMPLE 4 Graph and order real numbers

Order the numbers from least to greatest: $\frac{4}{3},-\sqrt{5}, \sqrt{13},-2.5, \sqrt{9}$.

## Solution

Begin by graphing the numbers on a number line.


Read the numbers from left to right: $-2.5,-\sqrt{5}, \frac{4}{3}, \sqrt{9}, \sqrt{13}$.

## Guided Practice for Examples 3 and 4

9. Tell whether each of the following numbers is a real number, a rational number, an irrational number, an integer, or a whole number: $-\frac{9}{2}, 5.2,0$, $\sqrt{7}, 4.1,-\sqrt{20}$. Then order the numbers from least to greatest.
