

14.5 EXERCISES

HOMEWORK KEY

 = **WORKED-OUT SOLUTIONS**
on p. WS1 for Exs. 5, 9, and 25

 = **TAKS PRACTICE AND REASONING**
Exs. 18, 19, 28, 30, and 31

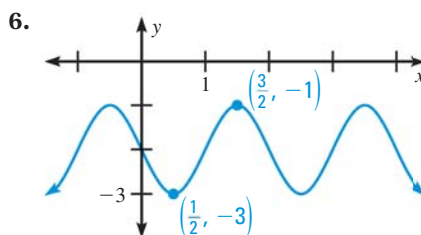
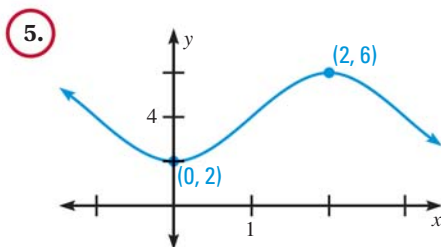
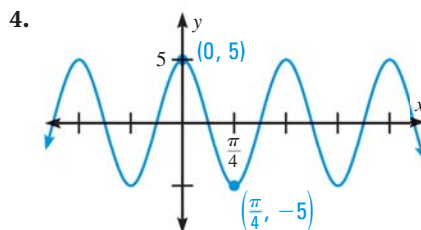
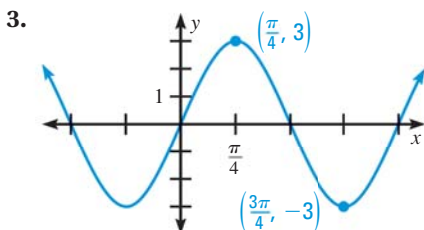
SKILL PRACTICE

- VOCABULARY** What is a sinusoid?
- WRITING** Describe two methods you can use to model a sinusoid.


EXAMPLE 1


on p. 941
for Exs. 3–19

WRITING FUNCTIONS Write a function for the sinusoid.




ERROR ANALYSIS Describe and correct the error in finding the amplitude and vertical shift for a sinusoid with a maximum point at $(2, 10)$ and a minimum point at $(4, -6)$.

7.
$$\begin{aligned} |a| &= \frac{M - m}{2} \\ &= \frac{10 - 6}{2} \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$
 

8.
$$\begin{aligned} k &= \frac{M + m}{2} \\ &= \frac{2 + 4}{2} \\ &= 3 \end{aligned}$$
 

WRITING FUNCTIONS Write a function for the sinusoid with maximum at point A and minimum at point B .

- | | | |
|--|---|--|
| 9. $A(\pi, 6), B(3\pi, -6)$ | 10. $A(0, 4), B(\pi, -4)$ | 11. $A\left(\frac{\pi}{3}, 5\right), B(0, 3)$ |
| 12. $A\left(\frac{\pi}{6}, 8\right), B(0, -6)$ | 13. $A\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}, 9\right), B(2\pi, 5)$ | 14. $A(0, 5), B(6, -11)$ |
| 15. $A(0, 0), B(4\pi, -4)$ | 16. $A\left(\frac{\pi}{3}, -3\right), B\left(\frac{\pi}{12}, -7\right)$ | 17. $A\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}, 0\right), B(0, -12)$ |

18.  **TAKS REASONING** During one cycle, a sinusoid has a minimum at $(16, 38)$ and a maximum at $(24, 60)$. What is the amplitude of this sinusoid?

- (A) 8 (B) 11 (C) 22 (D) 49