

### EXAMPLE 1 Find trigonometric values

Given that  $\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$  and  $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \pi$ , find the values of the other five trigonometric functions of  $\theta$ .

#### Solution

**STEP 1** Find  $\cos \theta$ .

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

Write Pythagorean identity.

$$\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

Substitute  $\frac{4}{5}$  for  $\sin \theta$ .

$$\cos^2 \theta = 1 - \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2$$

Subtract  $\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2$  from each side.

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{9}{25}$$

Simplify.

$$\cos \theta = \pm \frac{3}{5}$$

Take square roots of each side.

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{5}$$

Because  $\theta$  is in Quadrant II,  $\cos \theta$  is negative.

**STEP 2** Find the values of the other four trigonometric functions of  $\theta$  using the known values of  $\sin \theta$  and  $\cos \theta$ .

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{4}{5}}{-\frac{3}{5}} = -\frac{4}{3} \qquad \cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{-\frac{3}{5}}{\frac{4}{5}} = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \frac{1}{\frac{4}{5}} = \frac{5}{4} \qquad \sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{5}} = -\frac{5}{3}$$

#### REVIEW TRIGONOMETRY

For help with finding the sign of a trigonometric function value, see p. 866.

### EXAMPLE 2 Simplify a trigonometric expression

Simplify the expression  $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) \sin \theta$ .

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) \sin \theta = \cot \theta \sin \theta \qquad \text{Cofunction identity}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}\right)(\sin \theta) \qquad \text{Cotangent identity}$$

$$= \cos \theta \qquad \text{Simplify.}$$

### EXAMPLE 3 Simplify a trigonometric expression

Simplify the expression  $\csc \theta \cot^2 \theta + \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$ .

$$\csc \theta \cot^2 \theta + \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \csc \theta \cot^2 \theta + \csc \theta \qquad \text{Reciprocal identity}$$

$$= \csc \theta (\csc^2 \theta - 1) + \csc \theta \qquad \text{Pythagorean identity}$$

$$= \csc^3 \theta - \csc \theta + \csc \theta \qquad \text{Distributive property}$$

$$= \csc^3 \theta \qquad \text{Simplify.}$$