62. CHALLENGE On January 1 of each year, you deposit $\$ 2000$ in an individual retirement account (IRA) that pays $5 \%$ annual interest. You make a total of 30 deposits. How much money do you have in your IRA immediately after you make your last deposit?

## TAKS PRACTICE at classzone.com

## MIXED REVIEW FOR TAKS

63. TAKS PRACTICE The total cost of carnival tickets for 3 adults and 5 children is $\$ 49$. The total cost of carnival tickets for 5 adults and 3 children is $\$ 55$. What is the price, $a$, of one adult ticket and the price, $c$, of one child ticket? TAKS Obj. 4
(A) $a=\$ 5 ; c=\$ 8$
(B) $a=\$ 7.25 ; c=\$ 6.25$
(C) $a=\$ 8 ; c=\$ 5$
(D) $a=\$ 10 ; c=\$ 3.80$

## REVIEW

64. TAKS PRACTICE What is the relationship between the graphs of $y=3 x^{2}$ and $y=1.5 x^{2}$ ? TAKS Obj. 5
(F) The graph of $y=1.5 x^{2}$ is a reflection of the graph of $y=3 x^{2}$ in the $x$-axis.
(G) The graph of $y=1.5 x^{2}$ is a $90^{\circ}$ rotation of the graph of $y=3 x^{2}$ about the origin.
(H) The graph of $y=1.5 x^{2}$ is narrower than the graph of $y=3 x^{2}$.
(J) The graph of $y=1.5 x^{2}$ is wider than the graph of $y=3 x^{2}$.

## QUZZ for Lessons 12.1-12.3

Write the next term in the sequence. Then write a rule for the $n$th term. (p. 794)

1. $1,3,5,7, \ldots$
2. $-5,10,-15,20, \ldots$
3. $\frac{1}{20}, \frac{2}{30}, \frac{3}{40}, \frac{4}{50}, \ldots$
4. $4,16,64,256, \ldots$
5. $2,6,12,20, \ldots$
6. $9,36,81,144, \ldots$

Find the sum of the series. (p. 794)
7. $\sum_{i=1}^{4} 2 i^{3}$
8. $\sum_{k=1}^{5}\left(k^{2}+3\right)$
9. $\sum_{n=2}^{6} \frac{1}{n-1}$

Write a rule for the $n$th term $a_{n}$ of the arithmetic or geometric sequence. Find $a_{15}$, then find the sum of the first 15 terms of the sequence.
10. $1,7,13,19, \ldots(p .802)$
11. $\frac{1}{2}, 2, \frac{7}{2}, 5, \ldots(p .802)$
12. $5,2,-1,-4,-7, \ldots$ (p. 802)
13. $2,8,32,128, \ldots(p .810)$
14. $2, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{8}{9}, \frac{16}{27}, \ldots($ p. 810)
15. $-3,15,-75,375, \ldots(p .810)$
16. COLLEGE TUITION In 1995, the average tuition at a public college in the United States was $\$ 2057$. From 1995 through 2002, the average tuition at public colleges increased by about $6 \%$ per year. Write a rule for the average tuition $a_{n}$ in terms of the year. Let $n=1$ represent 1995 . What was the average tuition at a public college in 2002? (p.810)

