## EXAMPLE 4 Find a conditional probability

WEATHER The table shows the numbers of tropical cyclones that formed during the hurricane seasons from 1988 to 2004. Use the table to estimate (a) the probability that a future tropical cyclone is a hurricane and (b) the probability that a future tropical cyclone in the Northern Hemisphere is a hurricane.

| Type of <br> Tropical Cyclone | Northern <br> Hemisphere | Southern <br> Hemisphere |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tropical depression | 199 | 18 | 200 |  |
| Tropical storm | 398 | 215 |  |  |
| Hurricane | 545 |  |  |  |

## Solution

a. $P($ hurricane $)=\frac{\text { Number of hurricanes }}{\text { Total number of cyclones }}=\frac{760}{1575} \approx 0.483$
b. $P$ (hurricane $\mid$ Northern Hemisphere)

$$
=\frac{\text { Number of hurricanes in Northern Hemisphere }}{\text { Total number of cyclones in Northern Hemisphere }}=\frac{545}{1142} \approx 0.477
$$

## EXAMPLE 5 Comparing independent and dependent events

SELECTING CARDS You randomly select two cards from a standard deck of 52 cards. What is the probability that the first card is not a heart and the second is a heart if (a) you replace the first card before selecting the second, and (b) you do not replace the first card?

## Solution

AVOID ERRORS It is important to first determine whether $A$ and $B$ are independent or dependent in order to calculate $P(A$ and $B)$ correctly.

Let $A$ be "the first card is not a heart" and $B$ be "the second card is a heart."
a. If you replace the first card before selecting the second card, then $A$ and $B$ are independent events. So, the probability is:

$$
P(A \text { and } B)=P(A) \cdot P(B)=\frac{39}{52} \cdot \frac{13}{52}=\frac{3}{16} \approx 0.188
$$

b. If you do not replace the first card before selecting the second card, then $A$ and $B$ are dependent events. So, the probability is:

$$
P(A \text { and } B)=P(A) \cdot P(B \mid A)=\frac{39}{52} \cdot \frac{13}{51}=\frac{13}{68} \approx 0.191
$$

## Guided Practice for Examples 4 and 5

4. WHAT IF? Use the information in Example 4 to find (a) the probability that a future tropical cyclone is a tropical storm and (b) the probability that a future tropical cyclone in the Southern Hemisphere is a tropical storm.

Find the probability of drawing the given cards from a standard deck of 52 cards (a) with replacement and (b) without replacement.
5. A spade, then a club
6. A jack, then another jack

