# grafing ACTIV/IY  

### 8.4 Verify Operations with



## QUESTION How can you use a graphing calculator to verify the

 results of operations on rational expressions?
## EXAMPLE Check a simplified rational expression in two ways

Simplify $\frac{x^{2}-x-12}{x^{2}-9 x+20}$. Then verify the result numerically and graphically.

## STEP 1 Simplify expression

Simplify the rational expression by factoring the numerator and denominator, then dividing out common factors.

$$
\frac{x^{2}-x-12}{x^{2}-9 x+20}=\frac{(x-4)(x+3)}{(x-4)(x-5)}=\frac{x+3}{x-5}
$$

## STEP 2 Enter expressions

Enter the original expression as $y_{1}$ and the simplified result as $y_{2}$. Use the thick graph style for $y_{2}$.


## STEP 3 Display table

Use the table feature to examine corresponding values of the two expressions.


## STEP 4 Display graphs

Put your calculator in connected mode. Display the graphs in an appropriate viewing window.


## Practice

Simplify the expression. Verify your result numerically and graphically.

1. $\frac{x^{2}-5 x}{x^{2}-7 x+10}$
2. $\frac{3 x^{2}+6 x}{x^{2}-2 x-8}$
3. $\frac{x^{2}+5 x+4}{x^{2}+x-12}$

Perform the indicated operation and simplify. Verify your result numerically and graphically.
4. $\frac{x+3}{5 x^{2}} \cdot \frac{x-1}{x+3}$
5. $\frac{4 x^{2}-8 x}{5 x+15} \div \frac{x-2}{x+3}$
6. $\frac{x^{2}-3 x-10}{x^{2}+3 x+3} \cdot \frac{x^{2}+2 x-3}{x^{2}+x-2}$

