### 7.2 Graph Exponential Decay Functions <br> TEKS <br> 2A.4.B, 2A.11.B, 2A.11.C, 2A.11.F

Before
Now
Why?

You graphed and used exponential growth functions. You will graph and use exponential decay functions. So you can model depreciation, as in Ex. 31.


Key Vocabulary

- exponential decay function
- decay factor

In Lesson 7.1 you studied exponential growth functions. In this lesson, you will study exponential decay functions, which have the form $y=a b^{x}$ where $a>0$ and $0<b<1$. The base $b$ of an exponential decay function is called the decay factor.

## KEY CONCEPT

For Your Notebook

## Parent Function for Exponential Decay Functions

The function $f(x)=b^{x}$, where $0<b<1$, is the parent function for the family of exponential decay functions with base $b$. The general shape of the graph of $f(x)=b^{x}$ is shown below.


The domain of $f(x)=b^{x}$ is all real numbers. The range is $y>0$.

## EXAMPLE 1 Graph $\boldsymbol{y}=\boldsymbol{b}^{\boldsymbol{x}}$ for $0<\boldsymbol{b}<1$

Graph $y=\left(\frac{\mathbf{1}}{\mathbf{2}}\right)^{x}$.

## Solution

STEP 1 Make a table of values.

| $x$ | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ |

STEP 2 Plot the points from the table.
STEP 3 Draw, from right to left, a smooth curve that begins just above the $x$-axis, passes through the plotted points, and moves up to the left.


