

**STEP 2** Graph the functions from Step 1. Adjust the viewing window so that the *x*-axis shows  $0 \le x \le 30$  with a scale of 5 and the *y*-axis shows  $-3 \le y \le 8$  with a scale of 1.

## **INTERPRET DOMAIN**

In Example 2, note that the domain of  $y = \sqrt{x-5}$  is  $x \ge 5$ . Therefore, the domain does not affect the solution.

*STEP 3* Identity the *x*-values for which the graph of  $y = \sqrt{x-5}$  lies above the graph of y = 3. You can use the *intersect* feature to show that the graphs intersect when x = 14. The graph of  $y = \sqrt{x-5}$  lies above the graph of y = 3 when x > 14.



Y4= Y5= Y6= Y7=

The solution of the inequality is x > 14.

## PRACTICE

<b>EXAMPLE 1</b> on p. 462 for Exs. 1–6	Use a table to solve the inequality.		
	<b>1.</b> $2\sqrt{x} - 5 \ge 3$	<b>2.</b> $\sqrt{x-4} \le 5$	<b>3.</b> $4\sqrt{x} + 1 \le 9$
	<b>4.</b> $\sqrt{x+7} \ge 3$	$5.  \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x+3} \ge 3$	$6. \ \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-5} \le 5$
<b>EXAMPLE 2</b> on p. 463 for Exs. 7–12	Use a graph to solve the inequality.		
	<b>7.</b> $2\sqrt{x} + 3 \le 8$	<b>8.</b> $\sqrt{x+3} \ge 2.6$	<b>9.</b> $7\sqrt{x} + 1 < 9$
	<b>10.</b> $4\sqrt{3x-7} > 7.8$	<b>11.</b> $\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x+5} < -1$	<b>12.</b> $\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-1} \le 9$
	<b>13. SAILBOAT RACE</b> In order to compete in the America's Cup sailboat race, a boat must satisfy the rule		
	$\ell + 1.25\sqrt{s} - 9.8\sqrt[3]{d} \le 16$		
	where $\ell$ is the length (in meters) of the boat, <i>s</i> is the area (in square meters) of the sails, and <i>d</i> is the volume (in cubic meters) of water displaced by the boat. A boat l		

where l is the length (in meters) of the boat, *s* is the area (in square meters) of the sails, and *d* is the volume (in cubic meters) of water displaced by the boat. A boat has a length of 20 meters and displaces 27 cubic meters of water. What is the maximum allowable value for *s*?