57. BURNING RATE A burning candle has a radius of $r$ inches and was initially $h_{0}$ inches tall. After $t$ minutes, the height of the candle has been reduced to $h$ inches. These quantities are related by the formula

$$
r=\sqrt{\frac{k t}{\pi\left(h_{0}-h\right)}}
$$

where $k$ is a constant. How long will it take for the entire candle to burn if its radius is 0.875 inch, its initial height is 6.5 inches, and $k=0.04$ ?

58. CONSTRUCTION The length $\ell$ (in inches) of a standard nail can be modeled by $\ell=54 d^{3 / 2}$ where $d$ is the diameter (in inches) of the nail. What is the diameter of a standard nail that is 3 inches long?
59.) Shorsirbersionuse Biologists have discovered that the shoulder height $h$ (in centimeters) of a male African elephant can be modeled by

$$
h=62.5 \sqrt[3]{t}+75.8
$$

where $t$ is the age (in years) of the elephant. Compare the ages of two elephants, one with a shoulder height of 150 centimeters and the other with a shoulder height of 250 centimeters.

60. Wexalismbedraranse "Hang time" is the time you are suspended in the air during a jump. Your hang time $t$ (in seconds) is given by the function $t=0.5 \sqrt{h}$ where $h$ is the height of the jump (in feet). A basketball player jumps and has a hang time of 0.81 second. A kangaroo jumps and has a hang time of 1.12 seconds.
a. Solve Find the heights that the basketball player and the kangaroo jumped.
b. Calculate Double the hang times of the basketball player and the kangaroo and calculate the corresponding heights of each jump.
c. Interpret If the hang time doubles, does the height of the jump double? Explain.

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AmimatedAlgebra at classzone.com
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61. MULTI-STEP PROBLEM The Beaufort wind scale was devised to measure wind speed. The Beaufort numbers $B$, which range from 0 to 12 , can be modeled by

$$
B=1.69 \sqrt{s+4.25}-3.55
$$

where $s$ is the speed (in miles per hour) of the wind.
a. Find the wind speed that corresponds to the Beaufort number $B=0$.
b. Find the wind speed that corresponds to the Beaufort number $B=12$.

| Beaufort Wind Scale |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Beaufort number | Force of wind |
| 0 | Calm |
| 3 | Gentle breeze |
| 6 | Strong breeze |
| 9 | Strong gale |
| 12 | Hurricane |
|  |  |

c. Write an inequality that describes the range of wind speeds represented by the Beaufort model.

