- **29.**  $\bigotimes$  **GEOMETRY** The maximum number of regions *R* into which space can be divided by *n* intersecting spheres is given by  $R(n) = \frac{1}{3}n^3 - n^2 + \frac{8}{3}n$ . Show that this function has constant third-order differences.
- 30. CHALLENGE A cylindrical cake is divided into the maximum number of pieces p by c planes. When c = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 the values of p(c) are 2, 4, 8, 15, 26, and 42 respectively. What is the maximum number of pieces into which the cake can be divided when it is cut by 8 planes?



## **MIXED REVIEW FOR TAKS**

TAKS PRACTICE at classzone.com

## **REVIEW**

Lesson 3.1; TAKS Workbook 31. TAKS PRACTICE Graph the linear system. What is the solution of the system? TAKS Obj. 4

$$-3x - 2y = -8$$
$$2x - y = 10$$

- (A) (-4, -18)
- (B) (4, -2)
- **(C)** (12, 14)
- (**D**) No solution

## **REVIEW**

Lesson 4.5; TAKS Workbook

- **32.**  $\rightarrow$  **TAKS PRACTICE** The height *h* above the ground (in feet) of a stuntman falling from a window is given by  $h = -16t^2 + 90$  where t is the time (in seconds). An air cushion that is 9 feet high is positioned on the ground below the window. About how many seconds will the stuntman fall before he hits the air cushion? TAKS Obi. 5
  - **(F)** 2.25 sec
- **(G)** 2.37 sec **(H)** 8.66 sec
- (**J**) 9.48 sec

## QUIZ for Lessons 5.7-5.9

Find all zeros of the polynomial function. (p. 379)

1. 
$$f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 - 11x + 30$$

**2.** 
$$f(x) = 2x^4 - 2x^3 - 49x^2 + 9x + 180$$

Write a polynomial function f of least degree that has rational coefficients, a leading coefficient of 1, and the given zeros. (p. 379)

4. 
$$4.1 + i$$

**5.** 
$$-3$$
,  $5$ ,  $7 + \sqrt{2}$  **6.**  $1$ ,  $-2i$ ,  $3 - \sqrt{6}$ 

**6.** 1. 
$$-2i$$
,  $3 - \sqrt{6}$ 

Graph the function. (p. 387)

7. 
$$f(x) = -(x-3)(x-2)(x+2)$$

8. 
$$f(x) = 3(x-1)(x+1)(x-4)$$

**9.** 
$$f(x) = x(x-4)(x-1)(x+2)$$

**10.** 
$$f(x) = (x-3)(x+2)^2(x+3)^2$$

Write a cubic function whose graph passes through the given points. (p. 393)

11. 
$$(-5, 0), (-2, 0), (1, 9), (2, 0)$$

**12.** 
$$(-1, 0), (0, 16), (2, 0), (4, 0)$$

13. **DRIVE-INS** The table shows the number of U.S. drive-in movie theaters for the years 1995 to 2002. Find a polynomial model that fits the data. (p. 393)

Years since 1995, t	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Drive-in movie theaters, D	848	826	815	750	737	667	663	634