EXAMPLE 6 Approximate real zeros of a polynomial model

TACHOMETER A tachometer measures the speed (in revolutions per minute, or RPMs) at which an engine shaft rotates. For a certain boat, the speed *x* of the engine shaft (in 100s of RPMs) and the speed *s* of the boat (in miles per hour) are modeled by

 $s(x) = 0.00547x^3 - 0.225x^2 + 3.62x - 11.0$

What is the tachometer reading when the boat travels 15 miles per hour?

Solution

Substitute 15 for s(x) in the given function. You can rewrite the resulting equation as:

 $0 = 0.00547x^3 - 0.225x^2 + 3.62x - 26.0$

Then, use a graphing calculator to approximate the real zeros of $f(x) = 0.00547x^3 - 0.225x^2 + 3.62x - 26.0$.

From the graph, there is one real zero: $x \approx 19.9$.

▶ The tachometer reading is about 1990 RPMs.



TACH

GUIDED PRACTICE for Examples 5 and 6

- 11. Approximate the real zeros of $f(x) = 3x^5 + 2x^4 8x^3 + 4x^2 x 1$.
- **12. WHAT IF?** In Example 6, what is the tachometer reading when the boat travels 20 miles per hour?

5.7 EXERCISES



 = WORKED-OUT SOLUTIONS on p. WS1 for Exs. 15, 37, and 61
= TAKS PRACTICE AND REASONING Exs. 9, 33, 51, 52, 63, 64, 66, and 67

SKILL PRACTICE

EXAMPLE 1 on p. 379

for Exs. 3–9

- **1. VOCABULARY** Copy and complete: For the equation $(x 1)^2(x + 2) = 0$, a(n) <u>?</u> solution is 1 because the factor x 1 appears twice.
- **2.** WRITING *Explain* the difference between complex conjugates and irrational conjugates.

NUMBER OF SOLUTIONS OR ZEROS Identify the number of solutions or zeros.

3. $x^4 + 2x^3 - 4x^2 + x - 10 = 0$ **4.** $5y^3 - 3y^2 + 8y = 0$ **5.** $9t^6 - 14t^3 + 4t - 1 = 0$ **6.** $f(z) = -7z^4 + z^2 - 25$ **7.** $g(s) = 12s^7 - 9s^6 + 4s^5 - s^3 - 20s + 50$ **8.** $h(x) = -x^{12} + 7x^8 + 5x^4 - 8x + 6$ **9. Automation Figure Reproduct Formula to the function** $f(x) = 16x - 22x^3 + 6x^6 + 19x^5 - 3$ have?

(A) 1 **(B**) 3 **(C**) 5 **(D**) 6