43. BASEBALL The Pythagorean Theorem of Baseball is a formula for approximating a team's ratio of wins to games played. Let $R$ be the number of runs the team scores during the season, $A$ be the number of runs allowed to opponents, $W$ be the number of wins, and $T$ be the total number of games played. Then the formula below approximates the team's ratio of wins to games played. (p. 26)

$$
\frac{W}{T}=\frac{R^{2}}{R^{2}+A^{2}}
$$

a. Solve the formula for $W$.
b. In 2004 the Boston Red Sox scored 949 runs and allowed 768 runs. How many of its 162 games would you estimate the team won? Compare your answer to the team's actual number of wins, which was 98.
44. HIGHWAY DRIVING A sport utility vehicle has a 21 gallon gas tank. On a long highway trip, gas is used at a rate of approximately 4 gallons per hour. Assume the gas tank is full at the start of the trip. (p. 72)
a. Write a function giving the number of gallons $g$ of gasoline in the tank after traveling for $t$ hours.
b. Graph the function from part (a).
c. Identify the domain and range of the function from part (a).
45. COMMISSION A real estate agent's commission $c$ varies directly with the selling price $p$ of a house. An agent made $\$ 3900$ in commission after selling a $\$ 78,000$ house. Write an equation that gives $c$ as a function of $p$. Predict the agent's commission if the selling price of a house is $\$ 125,000$. (p. 107)
46. WASTE RECOVERY The table shows the amount of material (in millions of tons) recovered from solid waste in the United States from 1994 to 2001. Make a scatter plot of the data and approximate the best-fitting line. Predict the amount of material that will be recovered from solid waste in 2010. (p. 113)

| Years since 1994, $\boldsymbol{t}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recovered material, $\boldsymbol{m}$ | 50.6 | 54.9 | 57.3 | 59.4 | 61.1 | 64.8 | 67.7 | 68.0 |

47. WEIGHTLIFTING RECORDS The men's world weightlifting records for the $105-\mathrm{kg}$-and-over weight category are shown in the table. The combined lift is the sum of the snatch lift and the clean and jerk lift. Let $s$ be the weight lifted in the snatch and let $j$ be the weight lifted in the clean and jerk. Write and graph a system of inequalities to describe the weights an athlete could lift to break the records for both the snatch and combined lifts, but not the clean and jerk lift. (p. 168)

| Men's $105+$ kg World Weightlifting Records |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Snatch | Clean and Jerk | Combined |
| 213.0 | 263.0 | 472.5 |

