VARIABLES A **variable** is a letter that is used to represent one or more numbers. An expression involving variables is called an **algebraic expression**. When you substitute a number for each variable in an algebraic expression and simplify, you are *evaluating* the algebraic expression.

Example 2 Evaluate an algebraic expression Evaluate $-4x^2 - 6x + 11$ when x = -3. - $4x^2 - 6x + 11 = -4(-3)^2 - 6(-3) + 11$ Substitute -3 for x. = -4(9) - 6(-3) + 11 Evaluate power. = -36 + 18 + 11 Multiply. = -7 Add. ImmedeAlgebra at classzone.com

EXAMPLE 3 Use a verbal model to solve a problem

CRAFT FAIR You are selling homemade candles at a craft fair for \$3 each. You spend \$120 to rent the booth and buy materials for the candles.

- Write an expression that shows your profit from selling *c* candles.
- Find your profit if you sell 75 candles.

Solution

STEP 1 Write a verbal model. Then write an algebraic expression. Use the fact that profit is the difference between income and expenses.



▶ Your profit is \$105.

| - | GUIDED PRACTICE | for Examples 1, 2, and 3 | | |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Evaluate the expression. | | | |
| | 1. 6 ³ | 2. -2^6 | 3. (-2) ⁶ | |
| | 4. $5x(x-2)$ when | $x = 6$ 5. $3y^2 - 4y$ when $y = -$ | -2 6. $(z+3)^3$ when $z=1$ | |
| | 7. WHAT IF? In Example 3, find your profit if you s | | ll 135 candles. | |